Intelligencer.

WHEELING, W. VA., MONDAY, JUNE 25, 1894.

VOLUME XLII--NUMBER 262.

PRESIDENT CARNOT ASSASSINATED

The Taheeling

thinking now that the report of the

President was in the carriage, shouted: "Vive Carnet," "Vive la Republique."

The carriage was stopped and MM, Chaudey and Rivaud in tremulous voices said: "Don't shout; the Presi-dent has been the victim of an outrage."

THE INDIGNANT POPULACE.

The cheers were instantly turned to

curses and many and loud were the

The landau proceeded to the theatre where MM. Rivaud and Chaudoy went to the President's box.

As soon as they were seen the whole audience arose and amid profound silence M. Rivaud said in a voice broken with sobat.

The president has just been assassi-

This announcement was received with

This announcement was received with a terrible explosion of fury as the audience, when the first report of the assassination was received had, though greatly excited, generally discredited it. The theatre resounded with shouts of: "A mort a la assassin," and cried for vengeance upon him.

"When silence was in a measure restored, Mr. Rivand continued:
"In the Rue de la Republique a miscreant, under the pretext of presenting a potition, stabbed M. Carnot with a dagger."

M. Rivaud was again interrupted with

shouts of "Death to the murderer,"
"Revenge," "Revenge."
Waving his hand for silence, M. ivand again spoke, saying:
"Do not make my mission more painl. We left M. Carnot in the hands of

fame of their city.

The assassin is an Italian named Casar Giovanni Santo.

sar Giovanni Santo.

On arrival at the prefecture, General Borius, the prefect, and the mayor alighted. President Carnot lay motionless and unconcious upon the cushions of the carriage. His eyes were closed. His waistcoat was unbuttoned and his shirt, on which the bright red cordon of the Legion of Honor was conspicuous, was covered on the left side just above the heart by a large bland stein.

ous, was covered on the left side just above the heart by a large blood stain, which extended to the hip. It was impossible to tell from his appearance whether he was dead or alive. General Borlus and the mayor, assisted by a number of attendants, lifted M. Carnot from the carriage, and with difficulty carried him as tenderly as possible to a room on the first floor of the prefecture and laid him on a bed. Shortly after midnight the archishop

the prefecture and laid him on a bed. Shortly after midnight the archbishop of Lyons was summoned to the bedside of the dying president to administer to him the last riles of the church. He was in the room but a short time, when he emerged and retired to an adjoining room. Here he remained until half past twelve o'clock, when he was again summoned to the president's room, where he administered to him the sacrament.

HIS LAST WORDS.

M. Carnot remained conscious to the

last. He realized that his life was rapidly ebbing, and twice he sald:
"Je m'en vais." ("I am going.")

Doctor Poncet leaned over the bed or

which the President was lying and said

to him: "Your friends are here, Mon-

sieur le President." M. Carnot replied :

steur le President." M. Carnot replied:
"I am grateful for their presence," and
in less than a minute he gasped for
breath, there was a convulsive shuddering of his body and the President of
France was dead.

Santo, who speaks French badly,
when questioned by Prefect Lepino, at
the police station in Rue Meliere, said
he had lived at Cette department of
Horautt, for the past eix months, and
had only come to Lyons to-day. He
gave his age at 22 years. His replice
were given coolly, but without any sign
of bravado. He refused, however, to
answer any of the many questions put

cries for vengeance.

Which Has Shocked and Horrifled the Entire Civilized World,

THE HEAD OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC AN ANARCHIST'S VICTIM

Stabbed to Death by An Italian While Driving to the Grand Theatre in Lyons to Attend a Reception That Was to be Given in His Honor-The Miscreant Runs from a Crowd on the Street, Mounts the Step of the President's Carriage and Plunges a Dagger into His Body-Excitement Throughout France-An Indiguant Populace Attempts to Lynch the Assassin-Dramatic Scene at the Theatre on the Announcement of the

Lyons, June 24 .- The most intense excitement has been caused everywhere in France by the assassination of

The president was visiting Lyons in connection with the international exhibition. Upon his arrival here he was tendered a reception at the prefecture, after which he visited the exhibition. After spending some time at the exhibition he proceeded to the Palais De Commerce, where a banquet was given in his honor. At 9:25 o'clock to-night President Carnot started for the theatre, where a gala performance was to be



given to him by the crowd. The pen-ple close to the carriage saw the man standing on the step had a kulle in his hand. By the glare of the electric lights they saw the bright gleam in the air as the assassin's arm descended and then President Carnot was seen to fall back in his seat, his face deathly pale. One of his hands was pressed over his heart where the steel had entered the body.

body.

M. Rivand, prefect of Lyone, who was sented beside M. Carnet, immediately struck the assassin a blow full in the face and knocked him from the step, thus preventing the man from can again stabbing the president, which it was his evident intention to do.

tempted murder had spread with light-ping-like rapidity, and mounted guards were sent to the aid of the police, who were sent to the aid of the police, who were still struggling to preserve the life of the assassin. With drawn sabres in their hands the guards rode down into the crowd. The crowd gave way before the horses, and at last the centre of the mob was reached. Then a cordon was formed around the then almost exhausted policemen and their captive, and the march to the police station became

MORTALLY WOUNDED.

In the meantime physicians were hastily summoned to attend the president, who had almost immediately been

dent, who had almost immediately been conveyed to the prefecture. A careful examination was made of the wound, and the dectors declared that the condition of M. Carnot was hopeless.

The receipt of the news of the assassination caused a great sensation at the Grand theatre, which was filled to the walls by the olite of Paris. The theatre presented a brilliant scene, the handsome toilettes of the ladies being effectly the gay uniforms of the many military officers present. All were awaiting with impatience the arrival of the President and all were unable to understand the delay. Suddenly a manentered the theatre crying at the top of its voice:

Lyons, June 25 .- President Carnot | their hats ran out of the building in thair hair ran out of the building in order to confirm the news.

Suddenly through the throng sped a landau conveying Adrian Dupuy, a brother of the prime minister, Deputy Chaudey and Prefect Rivaud, the crowd falling away before it as it dashed into the Ruo de la Ropublique. The crowd thinking new that the report of the died at 12:45 this (Monday) morning.

President Carnot.

given because of his presence in the city. Several carringes were in the pro-cession, the first being occupied by the president.

president.
M. Carnot's carriage was driven slowly M. Carnot's carriago was driven slowly along in front of the Falace of Commerce and then turned into Ine de la Republique, still following the facade of the Palace. When half way down the street, which was lined with enthusiastic crowds of people, who were cheering, a man rushed out of the crowd and sprang upon the step of the President's landau. Just at this moment M. Carnot was waving his right hand and saluting with his hat in his left hand, in response to the ovation that was being given to him by the crowd. The people close to the carriage saw the man

ALMOST LYNCHED. Instantly cries of "le President est assassine," "morta a la assassin," were heard on every side and the crowd in the vicinity of the carriage swelled to enormous proportions, every member of it seemingly intent on killing the asof it seemingly intent on killing the as-sassin. He was grasped by a dozen hands and his life would then and there have paid the forfeit of his crime, had it not been for several sergeants de ville, who seized him and attempted to draw him away from his captors. This was found to be impossible as the intur-iated populace were determined to lynch the man and the efforts of the sorgeants availed nothing beyond sav-ing the man from instant death. ing the man from instant death. Blows were aimed at his face and head, Blows were aimed at his face and head, over the shoulders of the police, who had by this time received reinforcements, and many of the blows landed fairly. At last the police succeeded in driving the howling mob back a foot or so from the prisoner, but to get the captive through the crowd was a physical impossibility.

In the meantime the news of the attenuated murder had aprend with light-

of bravado. He refused, however, to answer any of the many questions put to him regarding his motive for stabling the President, declaring that on this subject he weuld speak only before a tribunal.

Madamo Carnot, accompanied by her two daughters, left this city at 1 o'clock this morning tor Lyons. The news of of the assassination of ber husband was broken to her as tendorly as pessible. She was almost prostrated with grief. After M. Carnot had been taken to

the profecture, it became generally known that his assassin was an Italian. and the feeling of deep indignation

and the feeling of deep indignation among the crowd found vent in the form of attacks upon cafes kept by inollensive natives of Italy. Three such places in the vicinity of the Palace of Commerce were totally wrocked by the infuriated mob. French flags, which were in abundance, were then procured by the crowd and with cries of "down with the foreignors," "out with them," hundreds of men and how smarched to the Rue de

sction of the police, who stopped the crowd and compelled its members to disperse.

The excitement continues at fever heat and it would take very little to precipitate bloody anti-Italian riots. All over the city threats are made to All over the city threats are made to take summery vengeance upon the countrymen of Santo and the authorities, fearing that attempts will be made to put these threats into effect, ordered bodies of cuirassiers to patrol the city to prevent any outbreak. Everywhere the troops are greeted with cries of "long live the army."

THE DEATHERD,

The bed on which M. Carnot died was of Iron. It was placed between two windows of the palace. At its foot was

windows of the palace. At its foot was the bed of honor which had been reserved for the President.

The incleion made by the doctors in order to stop the internal hemorrhage measured about three inches long by two inches wide.

It was thought that the entire population of the city was on the streets when the attack upon the President was made but this belief later proved errobeous, for as the night advances the crowds were constantly augmenting their strength.

the crowds were constantly augmenting their strength.

After the attacks upon the Italian cases, the disorderly elementamong the crowds devoted their attention to the Italians whom they found upon the streets. Several of these men were pursued by the mole and barely escaped with their lives. The police, who were extraordinarily viglant, had great difficulty in rescuing the hunted men.

The Rue de la Barre is now barricaded at both ends and guarded by troops.

HIS LAST SPILLOTI.

President Carnot's Last Public Address Filled With Patriotism.

Lyons, June 24.-M. Carnot's last speech was delivered at the banquet given in his honor. He dwelt upon the success of the exhibition, and said that the same heart beats in all French brousts when it is known that the honor, security or rights of the country

are at stake.

This same union of all Frenchmen formed a guarantee of the march towards progress and justice, to which it belonged to France to give an example to the world.

His Farewell to Dis Granddaughter.

London, June 25 .- A special dispatch to the Daily News from Paris eave that when President Carnot reached Dijon when President Carnot reached Dijon enroute for Lyons, he found awaiting him on the platform of the railway station his son, son-in-law and his wife, with his four-year-old grand-daughter. M. Carnot took his grand-daughter into his carriage and embraced her, saving how much more pleasant it would be if he could stay in Dijon with her instead of going to Lyons.

His eyes filled with tears as he gave her a parting kiss and handed her to her father. ful. We left M. Carnot in the hands of doctors. You understand that under these conditions our hearts are filled with sorrow, and that the proposed performance in the president's honor cannot take place."

The audience then lost the building, many of them proceeding at once to the prefecture, where they stood in the streets waiting for any report that might be vouchsafed them from the building, and discussing among themselves the horrible crime that they considered had cast disgrace upon the fair fame of their city.

her father.

London, June 25 .- All the newspapers of this city this morning contain articles dwelling upon the horrible character of the assassination of President Carnot. A unjority of them refer to the assassination of President Lincoln and President Garfield as affording the only parallel.

To Elect a New President.

Paris, June 25.—An official note was issued this morning calling upon the senate and the chamber of deputies to assemble in congress at Versailles at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of electing a new President,

THE NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

Regret Expressed Everywhere in Official Circles at Receipt of the Information. Washington, D. C., June 24.—Although the public places at Washington were deserted on this hot Sunday evening, the news of the assassination of President Carnot became known over the city with remarkable rapidity. The

the city with remarkable rapidity. The most pronounced sensation was created everywhere, but particularly in official circles was the tragedy most keenly felt, and most intelligently discussed.

President Cleveland, the vice president, Secretary Gresham, the French minister and other officials, were given the news by the Associated Press reporters and learned it from them, for no official despatches were received. Without excention they were deeply affected and expressed their regret in strong terms. To the French ambassatong terms. To the French ambassatong terms. strong terms. To the French ambasengreat and most unexpected shock coming as it did from a clear sky at a time when the internal and foreign affairs of France are in a peaceable state. Until a late hour the French embassy was the centre of interest, many diplomats and other ellicials of this government driving there to learn what details they might of the affair and extend their expressions of regret.

Up to a late hour no official cablegrams had been received even at the French embassy, and in default of such information the President and secretary of state did not feel justified in sending great and most unexpected shock com

information the President and secretary of state did not feel justified in sending any expressions of regret.

Foreign representatives and officials acquainted with French politics say that Carnot was essentially a safe man, one whom the French people relied upon while they did not gush ever him or accord to him the dramatic following they have given lenders of the strine of they have given leaders of the stripe of Boulanger. Carnot was considered an asthetic, a hard working man and had what may be termed a solid popularity. Cabinets have changed often in France of late, but there has been no talk of deposing Carnot. It is said that he could have been relected and no one is willing to venture a prophecy as to who his successor will be, conceding that it will be next to an impossibility to find a Franchman to fill his chair and act the part of balance whoel as largely as he has. Much curiosity is expressed to know whether the feeling between France and Italy, which has lately been formed by labor troubles, furnished any motive for the assessination.

Senator Morgan, chairman of the foreign relations committee, said: "This is a blow at the peace and justice and will stripe of the reads." they have given leaders of the stripe of

set by the gay uniforms of the many set by the gay uniforms of the freign relations committee, said: "This is a blow at the peace and justice and civilization of the world. Trance in he civilization of the world is a blow at the peace and justice and civilization of the world. Trance in he civilization of the world is a blow at the peace and justice and civilization of the form which are the many and wi

the French believed in him. He was popular with all right thinking men and women throughout the nation, and one whom no slauder had ever injured in their estimation."

Senator Morgan was asked whether or not in view of the assassination of President Carnot and the recent attempt on Caprivi, our own government should now take greater care to protect Presidents from possible danger.

The senator did not think any extra procautions would be necessary. Of course, he said, it would be wrong to permit the President to expose himself unnecessarily, but he believed that the people of the United States think well enough of their presidents to protect them so far as any protection would be availing. The presence of an unusual guard of troops or police would be a constant temptation to evil disposed persons. The senator spoke of an interview that he had on one occasion with President Carnot during which he spoke of the high regard he had for the United States, our institutions and our people and he seemed to know our public men quite as well as many of our own people know them. The senator spoke feelingly of his death, and said that it filled him with profound sorrow and indignation that so great and so good a man as Carnot should be stricken down by the hands of an assassia.

Representative Hilt, of Illinois, who was charge d'Affaires at Paris during the oventual years from 1874 to 1851 and in the last Congress was chalrman of foreign affairs committee of the house, spoke of the dead president as a man of pure life and of unsullied character and reputation. No man in France, in his opinion, was held in higher esteem, or more thoroughly deserved the confidence and love of the people than he.

Mr. Hitt said he could not understand what possible motive there could be in the killing.

"It seems," he said, "like malignant insanity and nothing doe. His life had been without reproach, and in all the years that he had spent in France he had never heard an aspersion against his character. The motive might have been revenue for the sweether culprit's life. This will, very likely, be found to have been the cause of his assassination."

Senator Sherman, ex-chairman of the committee on foreign rola

Americans." Sepator Sherman met him in Paris Senator Sherman met him in Parla four years ago and recalled the reception given on the fourth day of July in commemmeration of Independence Day. On that occasion President Carnot spoke of America as the model republic of the world and bespoke for her a glorious future.

AN OVERLOADED TUG

Goes Down and of the Seventy-five Sould on Board Only Fifty-four Accounted New York, June 24.-The tug James

D. Nichol, with sixty-three excursionists and a crew numbering ten or twelve, sank at about 1 o'clock this afternoon come three miles off the highlands Fifty-four of those on board have been accounted for, and the rest were proba-bly drowned. She bad, it is said, a bly drawned. She had, it is said, a license to carry fifty passengers, but sixty-three tickets were sold. There was a bar and lunch counter on board, whose attendants with the crew brought the whole number on board up to about seventy-five.

seventy-five.

The tog reached the fishing banks on time, but the fishing was poor and the sea too rough for comfort, and about noon she started back. When about three miles cast of the Highland and about four miles south of Scotland Lightship, the waves began to break heavily over her starboard rail. To dodge the water and wind the passengers began to run around to the portside and to climb on top of the deck house. The boat careened alarmingly to portand the water reened alarmingly to port and the water swept over the rail. The terror-stricken men rushed back to starboard and the tug swung deeply down on that side. At the same moment three heavy breskers struck the boat in quick suc-

Cession. The captain, William Hyatt, stuck pluckily to his post and sounded the whistle in a prolonged scream for help. Even as he did so, the tag filled with water that poured into her from both sides and sank out of sight in the water. She went down like a stone, carrying many of her passengers with her. The water choked the cry of the whistle, but not before it had been heard and besided.

heeded.

The Algonquin sent her life boat with first officer A. M. Rich and four sallors. They picked up ten men, one of whom, however, died a few moments later. The tugs rescued the others who remained afloat. Some few had life belts on, but most of them were clinging to bits of wreckings. A life raft supported advantage that the proof the pile howe dozen and the top of the pilot house many more.

many more.

An unconscious man was picked up
by the Algonquin. He was under the
thwarts and entangled in fishing lines.
The boat practically unsukable was
floating right side up but was full of

floating right side up but was full of water.

Captain E. S. Platt, of the Algonquin, says that while a stiff breeze was blowing, there was no sudden squall. There was a big, short sharp sea on.

The Algonquin brought those she picked up to the city.

The living dispersed to their homes and the dead body which has not been identified was sent to the morgue.

Some of the tugs not wishing to come to the city transferred the men they had saved to other tugs.

The savers brought up 38 survivers and landed them on the east side.

The C. E. Evarts brought up two bodies and saveda saveral survivors. The Governor is supposed to have landed in ernor is supposed to have landed in

Brooklyn.
Altogether 54 out of the 75 have been accounted for, three of them being

THE CARDIFF MINE DISASTER.

wo Hundred and Fifty Lives Lost in the Albion Colliery-A Terrible Scene at the Mouth of the Pit.

Campier, Wales, June 24.—The men who have volunteered to search the Albien coiling at Gilfynd ' be scene of the terrible explosion ' damp last evening, have been at work all day, but no further rescues have been effeeted. All hope for those still in the pit has been abandoned. The number of the dead will, it is believed, reach 250. It has been ascertained that 267 men and boys descended the shalt yesterday and of this number only seven-

terday and of this number only seventeen have been saved.

A large number of bodies are buried beneath the earth falls, and it has been found impossible as yet to extricate them. These not kitled by the explosion or crushed to death by the falling earth and rock were undoubtedly asphyxiated by the after damp. The bodies of these recovered who were killed by the actual explosion, which was terrific, were terribly mutilated. In many cases arms and logs were blown considerly from the trunks. Limbs from missing bodies have been found in several parts of the explosion may be judged from the fact that a beam 15 by 15 inches and 20 feet long was blown a considerable distance from the top of the ahaft. Several parties of volunteers in the work of rescue descended into the pit last evening.

The information about the ex-

the shaft. Several parties of volunteers in the work of rescue descended into the pit last evening.

The information about the explosion spread rapidly and the excitement grew in intensity. Those who had friends or relatives in the mine asked with eager, strained faces, if they were among the dead. Of course no information could be vouch-safed them, as the mine officials did not know the names of the killed, and many of the bedies were so burned or mangled that identification by rescuing parties by the dim light of the miners lamps was impossible. The five live men were brought up the shaft as soon as possible, and the doctors who were present did everything in their power to alleviate their sufferings. Shortly after the five live men were brought up, the bedies of these found near them were raised to the surface and placed in a shed near the mouth of the pit. Here everal of them were identified by their lothing.

While the crowd was assembled

several of them were identified by their clothing.
While the crowd was assembled about the shed 20 men and boys in a semi-conrelous condition were broughts up. They had apparently not been injured by the explosion, but had inhaled the after-damp. Had they not been found when they were there is no doubt they would all have been as phyxiated. As the night advanced the impression grew that the loss of life would be greatly in excess of the first estimates.

Late this evening the rescuing party

Late this ovening the reaculus - party enceeded in extricating a large number of bodies, all of which were cent to the surface. Thus far 142 bodies have been taken from the pit.

A telegram was sgain received from the queen. Her majesty said she was much shocked by the news of the said disaster and she expressed her deep symmathy with the families of those symmathy with the families of these usaster and one expressed her deep sympathy with the families of those who lost their lives. The dispatch adds that the queen awaits with anxiety the results of the brave efforts of the rescuing parties.

AT PUNXSUTAWNEY.

New Miners Arriving and Will Go to Work To-Day. Punxsutawney, Pa., June 24.—The striking miners at Walston checkmated to-day a movement on the part of the Rochester and Pittsburgh Coal and Iron Company. Fifty new miners, with a squadron of coaland iron police, arrived this morning at the mines. It was odly a few minutes until every stranger had been button-holed by the strikers who led them off. The situa-tion was explained and the new men have decided not to work. There are have decided not to work. There are miners here who say they are ready and willing to go back to work, but are afraid. About fifty more coal and fron police arrived here this evening for dity at Walston.

The Berwind-White company shipped in a hundred new miners and a lot more deputies early this morning. The miners along the Pennsylvaniac Northwestern railroad have been making

western railroad have been making trouble for freight trains and four guards are now sent out with each train of coal.

THE SAENGERFEST.

housands Attend the Concerts Yesterday. The Prize Singing.

New York, June 24 .- Thousands atended the afternoon and evening concerts given by the Saengerfest at Madison Square Garden to-day.

The afternoon program brought out for the first time the visiting singers who competed for prizes. Six secleties competed in the first class. Twenty-three societies competed in the third

The judges, whose names are kept the successful societies to-morrow after-noon at the picule to be held in Ulmer's Park, Gravesend Beach.

A SERIOUS RIOT

At Adrian Pa., The Sheriff Hurt and a Weman Exponetted. Adrian, Pa., June 24.—A serious riot

occurred here to-night. L. W. Robinson, superintendent of the Rochesto and Pittsburgh company and Sheriff Gourley were stoned, while a Polish woman was bayonetted by a soldier.

The sheriff was cut over the eye with a rock and struck with a club on the back. Mr. Robinson has an ugly cut on the chin, but otherwise he is not badly hart. The Polish woman was the most seriously injured, but it is reported she will recover.

Weather Forcest for To-day.

For West Virginia, probably showers; south-att winds.

For Ohio generally fair, followed by thunder bowers in the afternoon; probably slightly onler in the victuity of Columbus; variable rinds.

soner in the selection of the selection

s furnished by (1 Schnapp, druggist, corner farset and Fourteenth streets. 72 8 p. m. 83 7 n. m. 85 Weather—Gleat. SUNDAY

THE PRIMARIES.

The Most Interesting Political Event of the Sanger.

CAPT. DOVENER WINS THE COUNTY

And Gots a Number of Delegates Elsewhere as Well

AND HANGOCK COUNTY INSTRUCTS

The Result of Saturday Night's Voting in Detail.

List of the Nominces for the Various Officers in the Districts, and of the Delegates to the County and District Conventions-A Large Vote Pelled and Great Interest Taken at Every

The interest in the Republican primaries Saturday night was never excooded in Ohio county, and the largest vote was polled ever recorded at a similar election by the party. Triadelphia district reached high water mark, the vote cast in the entire district being 425, which is 45 more than the Republican votes at the last Presidential convention. In most of the districts the voto came unusually close to the full. vote of the party at a heated election! The result is given in detail below, both as to the choice of candidates and delegates and the vote cast for all.

The reminees for county commissioner are as follows:

Washington district, Jacob Kindle-

perger,
Madison, George W. Robinson,
Clay, B. B. Dobbins,
Union, Otto Typen,
Webster, C. H. Dowler,
Ritchie, Adolph Fritz,
Triadelphin, John C. McCurdy,
Liberty, Daniel Maxwell,
Richland, R. P. Glass. HOARD OF EDUCATION, Washington, Dr. I. P. Birney.

Madison, A. O. Maxwell.

Clay, J. A. Jefferson. Clay, J. A. Jederson.
Union, James McAdams.
Contre, Dr. D. H. Taylor.
Webster, W. R. Budley.
Ritchie, W. W. McConn.
Trindeiphia, Harry Miller, president,
Charles Sample, member.
Richland, John B. Lyle, president,
Samuel Busbey.
Liberty, N. Murray,
Abraham McColloch.

COUNTY COMMITTEE, Washington, W. T. Otto. Madison, H. L. Loos. Clay, John W. Kindleberger. Union, Harry Hocking.
Union, Harry Hocking.
Centre, J. K. Hall.
Webster, H. C. Meyer.
Ritchio, Joseph H. Freeze.
Triadelphia, E. M. Atkinson,
Richland, William Lyla.

THE DELEGATES. Captain Dovener is shown by the re-

Captain Dovener is shown by the returns to have forty of the fifty-one delegates chosen. Atkinson carried Clay district for his six delegates, and maybe got some others scattering.

The delegates chosen to the county convention were the five highest in each district. They will meet in convention in the new casino in Wheeling Park next Saturday, at 3 p. m., to nominate four candidates for the legislature, a criminal judge, county superintendent of schools for the country districts and choose senatorial conferees.

The vote is detail was as follows:

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON.

Dovenor delegates-Edward Elliott 275, B. W. Connelly 262, Alex Campbell 255, W. O. McCluskey 250, Chus. A.

259, W. O. McChiskey 250, Chas. A. Danner 262, Geo. Zoeckler 250. Atkinson delegates—Thes. Leland 121, Alex McConahey 92, Chas. Baker 106, J. I. Davis 104, Jas. Gesney 103, Ohas. Smith 93.

Chas. Smith 93.
County convention—Wm. Muegge 293, J. G. Kline 293, William McCormick 232, James H. Riddte 272, David G. Morgan 209, H. C. Mooney 90, Richard Mooney 174, Daniel Arndt 91, Henry Klaus 130.
County Commissioner—Jocob Kindle-better 301. berger 361. Board of Education—Dr. I. P. Birney 230, William K. Stifel (withdrawn) 12, W. A. Isett 76.

Justico-James E. Hanes 234, Nathan-iel Mountford 109.

Constable-William Turner 143, W. H. Gill 214. Executive committee-W.T. Otto 354. MADISON

Island—Atkinson delegates—Ralph Whitehead 148, C. H. Watkins, jr., 144, Green B. Jefferson 142, J. A. Britt 144, Coupon, Part No.7. 00000000

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